

# HR Dignity at Work Policy

# **Review Schedule**

Document Name/Title	Dignity at Work Policy
Document Type	HR Policy
Document Owner	HR/OD
Approving Body	RAC
Date of Approval	30.04.2012
Date of Implementation	30.04.2012
Version No.	1.0
Date of Last Review	30.04.2012

# 1. Policy Statement

- **1.1** CHS is an equal opportunities employer, committed to promoting a safe, healthy and productive working environment where all staff have a right to be treated with dignity and respect. It is CHS' policy to ensure, as far as reasonably practicable, that all staff have equality of opportunity in terms and conditions of employment and are able to work in an environment free of harassment, bullying, victimisation and/or discrimination.
- **1.2** All CHS staff should be treated with respect, regardless of sex, marital status, age, race, ethnic origin, sexual orientation, disability, religion or other difference such as social background, working pattern or trade union activity.
- **1.3** CHS acknowledges that unacceptable behaviour can exist within and outwith the workplace and have serious consequences for employees and CHS as an employer (See Appendix 1 for further details).
- **1.4** Claims of unacceptable behaviour will be taken seriously and staff will be supported when raising concerns. Any instances of unacceptable behaviour which fall within the scope of this procedure will be dealt with through the disciplinary procedure and may be regarded as gross misconduct.
- **1.5** CHS has prepared these procedures in accordance with best practice and relevant legislation.
- **1.6** This policy should be viewed in conjunction with CHS' Disciplinary Policy and Procedure, Grievance Policy and Procedure, Equal Opportunities Policy, Internet & E-mail Policy, Information Security Policy, Recruitment and Selection Procedure and Staff Code of Conduct.

# 2. Aims of Policy

- **2.1** The policy aims to:
  - create an environment in which unacceptable behaviour is not tolerated;
  - ensure that all staff are made aware of what type of behaviour is unacceptable;
  - make sure all staff are aware of their responsibilities under the policy and have the necessary skills to prevent unacceptable behaviour in the workplace; and
  - ensure that if unacceptable behaviour does occur it is dealt with confidentially and the processes to deal with it are fair, effective and clear to all concerned.
- **2.2** CHS will ensure that no employee is victimised for bringing a complaint of unacceptable behaviour in good faith or as acting as a witness or investigator in such a case. It also recognises it has a similar responsibility to the alleged harasser while the matter is under investigation and to ensure a fair hearing for both parties.

# 3. Definitions

- **3.1** There are many definitions of what constitutes dignity, harassment, bullying, victimisation and discrimination at work and some are given for guidance at Appendix 2. Whether these behaviours are intentional or not, they are unacceptable behaviours and contrary to this policy as well as CHS' Equal Opportunities Policy and a range of legislation.
- **3.2** It is recognised that people have different perceptions about what behaviour they find threatening, unacceptable or distressing. All complaints will therefore be taken seriously.
- **3.3** The fact that there may have been no malicious intent behind the actions does not negate the effect of the actions. Therefore, if an employee complains they have been subjected to unwanted behaviour which has had a detrimental effect on them this will be dealt with in accordance with the procedures outlined in section 6.
- **3.4** Performance management which is agreed as reasonable and appropriate will not be viewed as bullying or harassment. Advice will be taken from the HR Shared Services Team if necessary.
- **3.5** Appendix 3 provides a self-diagnosis tool for what may constitute unacceptable behaviour.

# 4. Roles and Responsibilities

#### 4.1 All staff:

- are required to comply with this policy and to take appropriate measures to ensure such conduct does not occur. Unacceptable behaviour is a disciplinary offence which may constitute gross misconduct and result in the alleged perpetrator's dismissal.
- should report any unacceptable behaviour that comes from any person whether another member of CHS staff, clients, visitors or employees of other organisations.
- who are not the subject of the unacceptable behaviour but witness it and feel intimidated are entitled to complain to the alleged perpetrator or make their concerns formal if required.
- have a responsibility to act appropriately whilst in the course of their employment. This policy covers work related events regardless of the fact that these may be held outside the organisation's premises and in staff member's own time.
- **4.2 Managers** have a duty to establish and maintain workplaces that are free from unacceptable behaviour. They also have a responsibility to make staff aware of what constitutes unacceptable behaviour, to be alert to conduct or behaviour which may contribute to incidents of unacceptable behaviour and to take prompt action to stop unacceptable behaviour as soon as it is identified.
- **4.3** The Senior Management Team is committed to the principles of this policy and have a responsibility for ensuring that organisational culture supports all employees throughout their employment with CHS.

**4.4 The Director of Finance and Corporate Services is** responsible for ensuring, in partnership with staff, the implementation and development of this procedure on an ongoing basis as well as ensuring appropriate training is provided to all staff.

### 5. The Process for Challenging Unacceptable Behaviours

- **5.1** Unacceptable behaviour may occur between individuals in any situation and at any level. It includes issues between colleagues, between managers and team members, with service users and with external organisations.
- **5.2** Staff who believe that they are subject to unacceptable behaviour should try to maintain a diary of incidents of alleged unacceptable behaviour which includes the time, date, place and nature of the incident, how they felt at the time, their response and the names of any witnesses present. A record of behaviours would be helpful to the member of staff if raising a formal complaint. Where possible, the member of staff should advise the alleged perpetrator that they find the behaviour unacceptable and ask them to stop.
- **5.3** Where the alleged perpetrator is not an employee of CHS, staff should discuss their concerns with their line manager, who will investigate the matter. The HR Shared Services Team can provide the line manager with support and advice on resolving the issue. If the individual is an employee of an agency engaged by CHS, the Director of Finance and Corporate Services should be made aware of the issue immediately.
- **5.4** Following investigation of incidents arising under 5.3, examples of measures which may be taken by a line manager or CHS could include:
  - Not requiring the individual to work with the alleged perpetrator;
  - Reviewing security arrangements for a particular office;
  - Screening of e-mail by Information Services;
  - Phone numbers being changed or screened;
  - Changing the way a service is provided;
  - Raising the concerns with the alleged harasser's manager and asking them to investigate the matter and respond formally to CHS on it;
  - Advising the member of staff on how to access the Employee Assistance Programme (ICAS);
  - Support in making a statement to the Police or organising an interdict e.g. in the case physical assault or stalking.
- **5.5** Where the alleged perpetrator is an employee of CHS, unacceptable behaviour may be best dealt with informally as the alleged perpetrator may be unaware that their behaviour is causing offence. The aim of the process is to, where appropriate, resolve the issues as informally as possible If that is inappropriate or unsuccessful, then mediation should be considered as the next option. If the issue appears to be serious then the formal process may be invoked without first following the informal process.

The nature and type of the harassment will usually determine what part of the process should be followed. Advice should be taken from HR Shared Services Team in all cases. The processes are outlined below.

## 6. Informal process

- **6.1** The complainant must consider how they wish to approach the person behind the unacceptable behaviour. Options include:
  - talk directly to them. This will involve explaining what behaviour they find unacceptable and that they want it to stop;
  - write to them. Again this will involve explaining what behaviour they find unacceptable and that they want it to stop;
  - approach one of the following for support e.g a manager, a member of HR Shared Services or a staff representative

The individual contacted for support may then:

- Meet with the complainant in a mutually agreed private environment
- Listen to what the complainant has to say
- Discuss and explain the options available to the complainant
- Help the individual to decide whether or not to pursue the complaint and which route to take, i.e. the informal process, mediation or a formal approach
- Provide support if the complainant requires it
- Start to complete a confidential unacceptable behaviour monitoring form (see Appendix 4).
- **6.2** If the complainant chooses to follow the informal process then they or their support should notify their line manager of the allegation unless they are involved in it, in which case, the next level of manager should be advised of the circumstances. In all cases, the HR Shared Service should be advised of a potential complaint.
- **6.3** The line manager (or next level manager) and a member of HR Shared Services should meet with the complainant to ascertain the details of the alleged harassment and identify what course of action they wish to take. The alleged perpetrator should be advised of the complaint against them and invited to respond. Where appropriate, both parties should be offered the opportunity to undertake the process of mediation in an attempt to resolve the issues informally. A record should be maintained of all meetings/discussions with both the complainant and the alleged perpetrator.

#### 6.4 Mediation

Mediation is a process of bringing together two parties in dispute to air their differences in a constructive manner in order to identify a way forward. The process is facilitated by a trained mediator. Mediation in unacceptable behaviour cases may lead to a timely resolution of the issues, hence reducing the negative effects on all concerned.

Trained mediators are available to CHS and arrangements for mediation can be progressed through the HR Shared Services. Both parties need to be clear that mediation is an

independent, confidential and impartial facilitative process, which has no legal authority. The process is intended to facilitate an informal settlement of the issues raised. Both parties must be willing to proceed with mediation. The process to be followed will be determined by the mediator based on the circumstances of the case. Both parties may have support as outlined earlier.

Should there be concerns about the health of either of the parties involved then CHS' Occupational Health Provider should provide advice as to whether the individual is fit to be at work and participate in the mediation process.

#### 6.5 Employee Assistance Programme

The Employee Assistance Programme provides free confidential telephone counselling and advice service to:

- staff who feel they have been harassed/bullied;
- managers who are supporting staff who feel they have been harassed/bullied;
- staff who are accused of harassment or bullying.

EAP can be contact on 0800 587 5670.

**6.6** If the informal stage is unsuccessful, or the matter is more serious, the Formal Process will then apply, as outlined below.

#### 7. Formal Process

7.1 An employee may make a formal complaint by writing to their immediate line manager or, if the matter involves the line manager, to the next level or other appropriate manager. Alternatively an employee may submit the written complaint to the Director of Finance and Corporate Services or other appropriate senior manager.

Concerns should be raised at or around the time of an incident occurring. If the latest incident occurred within 3 months of the informal process commencing or a formal complaint being received it will automatically be considered. If it falls outwith this timescale advice must be sought from the HR Business Partner before proceeding.

CHS' Disciplinary Procedure will be followed at this stage. Please refer to CHS' Disciplinary Policy and Procedure, and the Manager's Guide to Conducting an Investigation for further details. In addition, a monitoring form (Appendix 4) will be started if the formal process was not preceded by the informal stage.

All employees have the right to be accompanied/represented during formal Dignity at Work, Disciplinary or Grievance proceedings. The companion can be a colleague or stafff representative. Although there is no specific right to be accompanied by a relative, it should be recognised that in some circumstances this may be appropriate. In all cases employees must be advised in writing of their right to representation.

If a Disciplinary Hearing is convened care should be taken that the victim does not unnecessarily have to state repeatedly during the Hearing the circumstances leading to the complaint.

Appendix 5 provides a flow chart of the informal and formal process.

#### 7.2 Police Investigations

Any police investigation will take priority over CHS internal investigations. CHS investigating officers must not hamper any police investigations and be willing to take advice from the police. However, internal investigations may continue, if appropriate, during police investigations.

The National Converner/Chief Executive (or in their absence the Director of Finance and Corporate Services) must be informed of all police investigations.

Care should be taken to ensure no evidence which may be required by police is deleted or destroyed, such as letters, electronic documents/files, e-mails, text messages, missed call records on mobile phones, CCTV video evidence etc. Paper and electronic copies of electronic harassment should be made available where possible.

#### 7.3 Unsatisfactory Resolution

If the complainant considers that their complaint has not been resolved to their satisfaction they have recourse to the appropriate stage of CHS' Grievance Policy and Procedure.

#### 7.4 Suspension/ Redeployment

Where the allegation is particularly serious or where the continued presence of the employee in the workplace would be detrimental to the individual, colleagues or clients, or to the investigation itself, it may be necessary to suspend the employee. Suspension should only be used following advice from Human Resources, and only in cases which may be regarded as gross misconduct. It should only be considered where it is not possible to allow the employee to continue to work in their normal workplace and it is not appropriate to seek temporary redeployment elsewhere until the conclusion of the investigation.

Suspension is on full pay, which means normal pay including allowances continue to be paid. It should be emphasised that suspension is not a disciplinary sanction and as such there is no right of appeal.

If in addition to disciplinary action, redeployment is seen as part of the solution to the problem then the alleged perpetrator of the unreasonable behaviour should normally be the employee to be redeployed. In all cases, HR advice must be sought before a decision is taken.

#### 8. Monitoring and Review

**8.1** Monitoring is necessary to ensure the effectiveness of this strategy to challenge and eliminate harassment and bullying. By monitoring the strategy, CHS will be able to establish

the types and severity of incidents, how they were resolved and the areas in which they occur.

The Director of Finance and Corporate Services will monitor the number and outcome of complaints raised under the Dignity at Work Policy and Procedure. Anonymised data will be shared with staff representatives, the Senior Management Team and other external parties as appropriate. See Appendix 4 for an example of the monitoring form.

**8.2** This policy will be reviewed by the Director of Finance and Corporate Services regularly to ensure continued compliance with legislation and best practice. CHS or staff may propose amendments at any time by writing to the Director of Finance and Corporate Services.